(c) how many out of these were from Maharashtra and how many were from the 9 districts of Vidarbha in Maharashtra; and

(d) what is the criterion for inclusion of farmers in this programme ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY RESOURCES WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b)

Year	No. of Farmers
1990-91	305
1991-92	548
1992-93	560
TOTAL :	1405

(c)

	From	
Year	Maharashtra	Vidarbha
1990-91	Nil	Nil
1991-92	40	Nil
1992-93	38	18
TOTAL :	78	18

(d) The criterion is as follows :

(i) Farmers for participation in the exchange programme be selected from a compact area of a particular district.

(ii) In T&V States, the contact farmers be selected for participation so that on their return they could demonstrate new technology to the farmers of their area.

(iii) Farmers selected for participation should be practising farmers and be able to practice the new technology.

(iv) Farmers selected should be in the age group of 20-45 years.

(v) Farmers should be hardly enough to bear the strains of journey and work in the fields.

(vi) 30% participating farmers should be SC and ST and farm women.

(vii) Groups consisting of 100% women, SC and ST farmers may also be deputed, if possible.

दुग्ध-उत्पादन

2291. **श्री राम जेठमलानी :**
डॉ० जिनेन्द्र कुमार जैन :

क्या कृषि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि देश में दुग्ध उत्पादन में भारी वृद्धि हुई है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो वर्ष, 1992-93 में दूध की कितनी मात्रा का उत्पादन किये जाने का अनुमान है ;

(ग) क्या सरकार ने बच्चों, युवाओं और वृद्धों के उपभोग हेतु अपेक्षित दूध की मात्रा का भी अनुमान लगाया है ; यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में वार्षिक जरूरत क्या है ;

(घ) क्या यह सच है कि प्रसंस्करण द्वारा अधिकांश दूध के अन्य पदार्थ बनाए जा रहे हैं ;

(ङ) यदि हां, तो दूध को प्रसंस्करण करके अन्य पदार्थों के उत्पादन हेतु वर्ष 1992-93 में कुल कितनी दुग्ध प्रसंस्करण औद्योगिक क्षमता स्थापित की गई थी ; और

(च) क्या यह भी सच है कि देश में आवश्यकता से अधिक औद्योगिक क्षमता होने के कारण उपभोक्ताओं हेतु दूध के विक्रय मूल्य में वृद्धि हुई है ?

कृषि मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री अरविन्द नेताम) : (क) तथा (ख) जी, हां, देश में दुग्ध-उत्पादन में वृद्धि हुई है । 1992-93 के दौरान उत्पादित दुग्ध की प्रत्याशित मात्रा 58.6 मिलियन मीटरी टन है ।

(ग) से (च) जानकारी एकत्र की जा रही है और यह सदन के सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी ।

Flood prone areas of Country

2292. SHRI PARMESHWAR KUMAR AGARWALLA : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) which are the different flood prone areas of the country with State-wise details;

(b) whether Government made any survey to ascertain the cause of these flood-prone areas causing loss of property as well as agriculture year after year;

(c) if so, the details thereof ;

(d) what action Government have taken to prevent the reoccurrence of floods in future; and

(c) how much assistance has been given so far by the Central Government for flood control measures to different States?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ARVIND NETAM): (a) to (c) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Subsidies on Non-Nitrogenous Fertilizers

2293. SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA:
SHRI ANANT RAM JAISWAL:
Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have finished the modalities to be adopted for the disbursement of subsidies on non-nitrogenous fertilizers;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof, stating whether the subsidies would be available for imported fertilizers;

(c) if not, what are the reasons for delay in finalising the modalities; and

(d) when a final decision is likely to be taken in this respect?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ARVIND NETAM): (a) to (d) The scheme for sale of decontrolled fertilizers with concession to the farmers initiated in Rabi 1992-93 is being continued in 1993-94. The concession will be available for the grades of fertilizers indicated below:

Product	Rate of Concession (Rs. per tonne)
Indigenous DAP	1000
MOP	1000
Indigenous Complexes	435-999
SSP	340

Detailed guidelines for implementation of the scheme during Kharif 1993 together with the funds earmarked alongwith release of 1st instalment for Kharif 1993 have already been made to the concerned States/Union Territories.

Handing over DMS to Delhi Administration

2294. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government has decided to handover the charge of sick Delhi Milk Scheme to the Delhi Administration;

(b) if so, the reasons and justifications thereof;

(c) whether the DMS is running into losses presently; and

(d) if so, the cause of its losses and efforts made by Government to make it out from the red?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ARVIND NETAM): (a) The matter has been taken up with the Government of the National Capital Territory of Delhi and modalities are being worked out.

(b) The supply of essential commodity like milk is one of the normal and natural functions which should be undertaken by the Government responsible for day-to-day administration of State/Union Territories.

(c) and (d) Yes, Sir. The losses are mainly due to difference in the cost of production and the selling price of milk. The selling price of milk is fixed keeping in view the avowed policy to provide a remunerative market to the producers of milk on the one hand and to make available quality milk at reasonable rates to the citizens of the capital on the other hand. Various steps have been taken by the Delhi Milk Scheme to increase its efficiency by better utilisation of capacity, economies in the consumption of polythene film and other consumables like diesel, oil, lubricants, electricity, water etc., besides rationalization of distribution routes, so as to reduce the transportation costs.

Reforms in Agriculture

2295. DR. NAUNIHAL SINGH:
SHRI SHIV CHARAN SINGH:
SHRI NARAIN PRASAD GUPTA:
Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the World Bank has called for bold reforms in Agriculture;

(b) if so, what are the various areas on which the World Bank has laid down emphasis; the details thereof;

(c) whether Government are preparing on agricultural policy resolution on those lines suggested by the World Bank; and